

Profile of Child Well-Being in Osceola County



Population Profile

The population 17 years of age or younger in Osceola County in 2000 was 1,826, a decrease of 7.7 percent since 1990. According to projections, the youth population will decline to 1,344 by 2020.

In Osceola County, youth accounted for 26.1 percent of the total population in 2000 compared to 25.1 percent statewide. Minority youth in the county numbered 86 in 2000 and are projected to decrease to 51 by 2020.

1. Population 17 Years or Younger

	Osceola County			
	1990	2000	2010*	2020*
Total population	7,267	7,003	6,536	6,226
Percent 17 or younger	27.2	26.1	20.8	21.6
Population 17 or younger	1,979	1,826	1,362	1,344
0 to 4 years	535	411	350	384
5 to 9 years	560	488	373	382
10 to 14 years	570	582	388	362
15 to 17 years	314	345	251	216
Minority^ Population 17 or younger	n/a	86	83	51
0 to 4 years	n/a	25	26	10
5 to 9 years	n/a	19	20	8
10 to 14 years	n/a	31	12	20
15 to 17 years	n/a	11	25	13
Female Population 17 or younger	985	927	687	755
0 to 4 years	271	219	170	188
5 to 9 years	292	229	171	189
10 to 14 years	261	303	172	189
15 to 17 years	161	176	174	189
Male Population 17 or younger	994	899	727	789
0 to 4 years	264	192	180	196
5 to 9 years	268	259	180	197
10 to 14 years	309	279	181	198
15 to 17 years	153	169	186	198

^ Minority includes all persons except white non-Hispanics.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Summary File 1, *Projections by Woods & Poole Economics, Inc., 2005

Data and support for this profile provided by:

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Health Profile

As the number of total births in Osceola County rose from 2000 to 2004, the number of births to teens increased by 4. In 2000, births to teens accounted for 6.8 percent of total births in the county compared to 11.3 percent in 2004.

Teen parenting is used as a predictor of future economic hardship for both parents and children. Teen parents are often less able to provide positive, safe and caring environments, or family stability.

In Osceola County, 8.8 percent of total births in 2004 were low birthweight compared to 7.0 percent statewide.

Low birthweight (less than 5.5 pounds or 2,500 grams) can be an indicator of mothers not receiving adequate prenatal care and is often a good predictor of future health and developmental complications.

Early and ongoing prenatal care increases the chances of delivering healthy, full-term, and normal weight babies. Rates are per 1,000 live births.

For the period from 2002 to 2003, the rate of mothers in Osceola County receiving prenatal care during the first trimester of their pregnancy was 863.6 compared to 886.2 statewide.



2. Births to Teens, Low Birthweight Births, Pre-natal Care, and Immunizations

Year	Births to Teens		Low Birthweight Births		1st Trimester Prenatal Care		Full Immunizations*	
	Osceola County	State	Osceola County	State	Osceola County	State	Osceola County	State
	% of total births	% of total births	% of total births	% of total births	rate (per 1,000 live births)	rate (per 1,000 live births)	% fully immunized	% fully immunized
2000	5	10.0	5	6.1	---	---	95.0	86
2001	6	9.6	8	6.4	878.4	869.8	98.0	88
2002	7	9.0	1	6.6	n/a	n/a	96.0	85
2003	7	8.7	2	6.6	863.6	886.2	99.0	89
2004	9	8.5	7	7.0	n/a	n/a	99.0	90

Source: Iowa Department of Public Health

* NOTE: Immunization data reflect only one site per county so should be interpreted with caution.

In Osceola County in 2004, 99 percent of children 24 months of age were reported to be fully immunized compared to 95 percent in 2000. Percentages for the state were 89 in 2004 and 84 in 2000.

Fully immunized = 4 DTP/DTaP, 3 Polio, 1 MMR, 3 Hib, 3 Hep. B by 24 months of age.

Infant mortality is considered one of the best overall measures of health care accessibility and quality in that it measures the health of the most vulnerable in a given population. The infant mortality rate is the number of infants who die before their first birthday per 1,000 live births.

In Osceola County, the infant mortality rate from 2002 to 2004 was 4.4, lower than the county rate of 1999-2001 and lower than the statewide rate of 5.3 in the 2002-2004 period.

NOTE: Due to the relatively low number of births, infant deaths, and child deaths per year in many of Iowa's counties, users are encouraged to use 3-5 year averages for comparative purposes. These are presented in Tables 3 and 4.



3. Infant Mortality

Year	Osceola County		State	
	n	rate	n	rate
1996-1998	4	17.0	4	6.6
1999-2001	1	4.5	1	5.9
2002-2004	1	4.4	1	5.3

Source: Iowa Department of Public Health

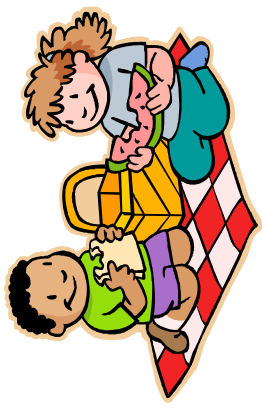
From 2002 to 2004, the child death rate in Osceola County was 0.0 compared to the state's rate of 0.2

Child deaths include deaths to all children ages 1 to 14. Child death rates are the number of deaths in this population per 1,000 total population age 1 to 14.

4. Child Death Rates

Year	Osceola County		State	
	n	rate	n	rate
2002-2004	0	0.0	0	0.2

Source: Iowa Department of Public Health



Education Profile

In Osceola County, 0 children were enrolled in Pre-Kindergarten during the 2004-05 school year. This was a 0 child decrease from 2001-02.

Pre-Kindergarten students often demonstrate stronger early reading and math skills than non PK students.

5. Pre-Kindergarten Enrollment

	Osceola County	State
2001-2002	0	5,714
2002-2003	0	5,949
2003-2004	0	6,907
2004-2005	0	6,108

Source: Iowa Department of Education

The Lakes Area Empowerment Area reported at least 33.4 percent of its kindergartners consistently displaying school-ready behaviors in the five areas. Statewide at least 33.7 percent of kindergarten students were reported as school ready.

"School readiness" is the result of kindergarten teachers being asked to assess their students in 5 areas: communication skills, cognitive skills, self-management skills, motor skills, and social-emotional development. Teachers report the degree to which behaviors within these five areas are observable ranging from "rarely" to "consistently".

6. School Readiness*, 2003-2004

	Empowerment Area		State
	n	rate	
Motor Skills ¹	48.2	46.1	
Communication Skills ²	33.5	33.7	
Cognitive Skills ³	39.1	41.8	
Social/Emotional Dev. ⁴	38.3	47.0	
Self-Management Skills ⁵	33.4	41.2	

* Percent reported "consistently observed"

Source: Iowa Department of Education

- ¹ Include coordination and balance, using scissors, etc.
- ² Include the ability to ask and answer questions, communicate needs, etc.
- ³ Include using a variety of words to describe a shape or color, ability to sort objects into categories, etc.
- ⁴ Includes ability to build relationships with adults and peers, express emotions and feelings, etc.
- ⁵ Includes ability to follow classroom rules and routines, take responsibility for personal belongings, etc.

Economic Profile

During the 2004-05 school year, 24.7 percent of K-12 students in Osceola County were eligible for free or reduced-price school compared to 19.4 percent in 2001-02. Statewide a total of 148,759 students (31.1%) were eligible for free or reduced price meals.

Because eligibility for free and reduced-price school meals is an annual measure, it is a good indicator of the economic well-being of children in a community. Families with incomes 135% or less of the federal poverty threshold are eligible for free meals, those with incomes 136% to 180% of poverty are eligible for reduced-price meals.

7. Eligibility for Free or Reduced-Price School Meals

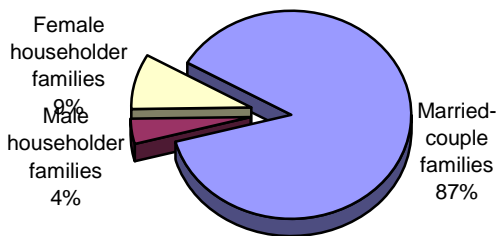
	Number Eligible for Free Meals		Number Eligible for Reduced-Price Meals		Percentage Eligible for Free or Reduced Price Meals	
	Osceola County	State	Osceola County	State	Osceola County	State
2001-02	113	93,062	69	36,492	19.4	26.7
2002-03	141	100,544	56	36,870	21.0	28.5
2003-04	133	107,324	60	36,907	21.1	30.0
2004-05	151	111,390	68	37,369	24.7	31.1

Source: Iowa Department of Education

Family Living Profile

While the majority of the 1,764 children under 18 years of age in Osceola County in 2000 resided in a two-parent family, 12.4 percent lived in a family headed by a single parent.

Children by Family Type, 2000



Source: Census 2000, SF1, US Bureau of the Census

In Osceola County, 77.1 percent of children under 6 living in a family or subfamily had all parents in the labor force compared to 71.4 percent statewide. All parents includes both parents in a married-couple family and the parent in a male- or female-headed family.

Safety Profile

The number of confirmed cases of child abuse or neglect in Osceola County in 2004 was 20, an increase of 4 since 2000.

9. Confirmed Cases of Child Abuse and Neglect

	Osceola County	State
2000	16	10,821
2001	30	12,793
2002	23	12,292
2003	20	14,936
2004	20	14,499

Source: Iowa Department of Human Services

In 2004, Osceola County reported 1,009 Group A and 1,962 Group B arrests per 100,000 juveniles compared to rates of 1,687 and 1,199, respectively, for the state.

Source and further details available @ http://www.dps.state.ia.us/documents_repository/DPS/2004/iacrime/iacrime.htm

Juvenile arrests are reported in 2 groups, Group A offenses include such crimes as murder, rape, burglary and drug violations while Group B offenses include curfew, drunkenness and runaways.

8. Employment Status of Parents with Young Children, 2000

	Osceola County		State
	n	%	%
Total Own Children in Families			
Under 6 years:	481		
Living with 2 parents	409		
Both parents in labor force	310	75.8	69.2
Living with father only	33		
Father in labor force	32	97.0	88.8
Living with mother only	39		
Mother in labor force	29	74.4	75.9

Source: Census 2000, SF3, US Bureau of the Census