Housing Units and Households in Iowa: 1980 - 2008

		Households 3	
	Housing		Margin of
Date ¹	units 2	Number	Error
2008	1,329,352		
2007	1,321,485	1,214,353	+/- 5,829
2006	1,311,832	1,208,765	+/- 6,039
2005	1,298,703	1,200,833	+/- 6,448
2004	1,285,082	1,175,771	+/- 11,529
2003	1,270,008	1,158,018	+/- 11,544
2002	1,257,295	1,145,564	+/- 10,986
2001	1,245,560	1,143,554	+/- 16,878
2000	1,234,646	1,141,291	+/- 7,531
2000 census	1,232,511	1,149,276	
1998	1,208,296	1,103,360	
1997	1,200,189	1,101,533	
1996	1,191,531	1,099,266	
1995	1,181,027	1,092,727	
1994	1,170,445	1,082,568	
1993	1,161,545	1,082,916	
1992	1,153,601	1,082,236	
1991	1,148,563	1,068,947	
1990 census	1,143,669	1,064,325	
1989	1,142,309	1,063,928	
1988	1,141,181	1,058,464	
1987	1,141,154	1,047,399	
1986	1,141,512	1,048,359	
1985	1,142,001	1,054,816	
1984	1,140,582	1,056,660	
1983	1,138,778	1,049,382	
1982	1,138,563	1,054,664	
1981	1,137,554	1,060,547	
1980 census	1,131,299	1,053,033	

¹ All census data are for April 1. Housing unit estimates are for July 1 of each year. Household estimates before the 2000 census are for July 1 of each year. Household estimates after the 2000 census are based on twelve monthly samples during the calendar year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

2000-2008 housing units: Population Division, Table HU-EST2004-01 - State Housing Unit Estimates, August 9, 2009

2004+ households: American Community Survey, Table B11001

2002-2003 households: American Community Survey, Table P007

2000-2001 households: Decennial Supplementary Survey, Table P007

1980-1998 housing units and households: Population Division, http://eire.census.gov/popest/archives/1990.php#household

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http://www.iowadatacenter.org

² Caution is urged in making year-to-year comparisons of housing unit estimates. When the Census Bureau releases new housing estimates for the current year, it also revises estimates for previous years in the decade.

³ Household data after the 2000 census are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value.