

Mean Income in Iowa: 2009
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2009			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,226,804	6,707	61,232	689
With earnings	80.60%	0.3	61,214	818
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	27.70%	0.6	11,428	906
With Social Security income	28.00%	0.4	15,810	176
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	2.80%	0.3	8,077	374
With cash public assistance income	2.40%	0.2	3,120	325
With retirement income	15.30%	0.4	16,878	816
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	798,262	8,113	73,779	1045
No workers	12.30%	0.5	41,571	1,885
1 worker	26.50%	0.9	57,082	2,597
2 workers, husband and wife worked	43%	0.9	87,191	1,524
2 workers, other	6.70%	0.4	61,294	2,893
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	10.40%	0.4	106,696	3,409
3 or more workers, other	1.30%	0.2	79,453	7,860
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	3,007,857	*****	25,315	296
One race--				
White	92.30%	0.2	26,082	286
Black or African American	2.50%	0.1	17,677	4,561
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.40%	0.1	11,011	2,379
Asian	1.50%	0.1	24,849	3,582
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.00%	0.1	24,567	12,398
Some other race	1.50%	0.2	14,427	1,652
Two or more races	1.80%	0.2	9,154	1,482
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	4.30%	0.1	13,380	810
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	89.90%	0.1	26,394	297

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the true value is defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf)). The effect of nonsampling error is represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/28/2010

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2010

www.iowadatacenter.org

imates, it
es of the
ounties

rate arising
90 percent
the interval
upper
effect to

not

as defined
a result,

Mean Income in Iowa: 2008
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2008			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,215,351	6,468	61,865	679
With earnings	81.20%	0.4	61,367	756
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	29.60%	0.5	12,056	785
With Social Security income	28.40%	0.4	15,084	148
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	2.60%	0.2	7,940	417
With cash public assistance income	2.20%	0.2	2,833	354
With retirement income	15.60%	0.4	16,994	782
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	791,790	7,894	74,214	869
No workers	11.30%	0.4	44,047	1,930
1 worker	26.50%	0.7	56,292	2,134
2 workers, husband and wife worked	44%	0.8	87,919	1,209
2 workers, other	6.80%	0.4	59,251	3,106
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	10.20%	0.4	102,715	2,959
3 or more workers, other	1.10%	0.1	94,571	12,569
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	3,002,557	*****	25,466	286
One race--				
White	92.70%	0.2	26,321	309
Black or African American	2.50%	0.1	13,793	1,233
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.30%	0.1	10,815	1,897
Asian	1.60%	0.1	21,029	2,184
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.10%	0.1	23,290	21,579
Some other race	1.30%	0.2	13,744	1,366
Two or more races	1.50%	0.1	10,537	1,617
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	4.10%	0.1	13,723	833
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	90.20%	0.1	26,650	317

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf>)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/29/2009

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2009

www.iowadatacenter.org

Mean Income in Iowa: 2007
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2007			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,214,353	+/-5,829	59,451	+/-641
With earnings	80.80%	+/-0.4	59,026	+/-665
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	29.60%	+/-0.5	11,935	+/-814
With Social Security income	28.70%	+/-0.4	14,624	+/-131
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	3.30%	+/-0.2	7,565	+/-260
With cash public assistance income	2.10%	+/-0.2	2,713	+/-253
With retirement income	15.80%	+/-0.4	15,953	+/-694
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	794,320	+/-8,485	71,552	+/-925
No workers	11.70%	+/-0.4	41,657	+/-2,187
1 worker	25.90%	+/-0.6	54,169	+/-2,160
2 workers, husband and wife worked	44.20%	+/-0.6	85,265	+/-1,385
2 workers, other	6.90%	+/-0.3	58,661	+/-4,710
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	10.10%	+/-0.4	97,778	+/-2,513
3 or more workers, other	1.20%	+/-0.1	84,562	+/-19,673
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	2,988,047	*****	24,566	+/-266
One race--				
White	92.60%	+/-0.2	25,348	+/-287
Black or African American	2.30%	+/-0.1	13,640	+/-1,234
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.30%	+/-0.1	13,888	+/-2,275
Asian	1.60%	+/-0.1	22,568	+/-2,886
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.00%	+/-0.1	9,630	+/-4,009
Some other race	1.80%	+/-0.2	13,448	+/-1,128
Two or more races	1.40%	+/-0.1	9,895	+/-2,476
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	4.00%	+/-0.1	12,346	+/-725
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	90.50%	+/-0.1	25,650	+/-291

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf>)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/29/2009

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2009

www.iowadatacenter.org

Mean Income in Iowa: 2006
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2006			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,208,765	+/-6,039	56,260	+/-600
With earnings	81.20%	+/-0.4	56,147	+/-664
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	29.60%	+/-0.5	9,775	+/-680
With Social Security income	28.50%	+/-0.4	14,040	+/-135
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	3.00%	+/-0.2	7,131	+/-314
With cash public assistance income	2.80%	+/-0.2	2,776	+/-236
With retirement income	15.70%	+/-0.4	14,900	+/-545
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	796,970	+/-7,397	67,354	+/-769
No workers	11.40%	+/-0.4	37,549	+/-1,535
1 worker	26.40%	+/-0.7	51,871	+/-1,943
2 workers, husband and wife worked	43.80%	+/-0.7	79,546	+/-1,148
2 workers, other	6.50%	+/-0.4	56,758	+/-3,357
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	10.50%	+/-0.5	93,013	+/-2,678
3 or more workers, other	1.40%	+/-0.2	79,519	+/-8,340
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	2,982,085	*****	23,115	+/-238
One race--				
White	93.00%	+/-0.1	23,800	+/-259
Black or African American	2.30%	+/-0.1	13,154	+/-920
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.30%	+/-0.1	16,908	+/-5,252
Asian	1.50%	+/-0.1	22,739	+/-3,336
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.00%	+/-0.1	10,012	+/-7,919
Some other race	1.60%	+/-0.1	11,060	+/-844
Two or more races	1.40%	+/-0.1	8,719	+/-1,729
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	3.80%	+/-0.1	12,500	+/-1,132
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	91.00%	+/-0.1	24,012	+/-252

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf>)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/29/2009

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2009

www.iowadatacenter.org

Mean Income in Iowa: 2005
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2005			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,200,833	+/-6,448	54,450	+/-619
With earnings	80.70%	+/-0.4	54,700	+/-712
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	29.70%	+/-0.5	8,604	+/-583
With Social Security income	28.20%	+/-0.4	13,680	+/-141
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	2.90%	+/-0.2	6,780	+/-327
With cash public assistance income	2.80%	+/-0.3	2,484	+/-195
With retirement income	15.90%	+/-0.4	15,143	+/-802
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	790,132	+/-7,973	65,046	+/-803
No workers	12.10%	+/-0.4	36,820	+/-1,334
1 worker	26.00%	+/-0.6	49,495	+/-1,634
2 workers, husband and wife worked	43.40%	+/-0.8	77,342	+/-993
2 workers, other	6.60%	+/-0.4	53,166	+/-2,715
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	10.60%	+/-0.4	92,048	+/-2,470
3 or more workers, other	1.20%	+/-0.2	70,538	+/-6,670
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	2,862,541	*****	23,340	+/-243
One race--				
White	93.50%	+/-0.2	23,954	+/-257
Black or African American	2.20%	+/-0.1	13,639	+/-1,261
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.20%	+/-0.1	16,539	+/-3,707
Asian	1.50%	+/-0.1	22,231	+/-3,146
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.00%	+/-0.1	17,063	+/-6,406
Some other race	1.50%	+/-0.2	12,019	+/-953
Two or more races	1.10%	+/-0.1	9,220	+/-1,309
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	3.70%	+/-0.1	12,412	+/-1,036
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	91.50%	+/-0.1	24,187	+/-259

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf>)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/29/2009

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2009

www.iowadatacenter.org

Mean Income in Iowa: 2004
(In Excel, use tabs below to view other years)

Subject	2004			
	Total	Margin of Error	Mean income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME				
All households	1,175,771	+/-11529	51,391	+/-1146
With earnings	80.20%	+/-0.6	52,339	+/-1183
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	30%	+/-1.0	7,383	+/-506
With Social Security income	29.10%	+/-0.6	13,058	+/-233
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	2.70%	+/-0.3	6,683	+/-531
With cash public assistance income	2.30%	+/-0.4	3,147	+/-487
With retirement income	15.10%	+/-0.8	13,856	+/-873
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY				
All families	773,898	+/-18612	61,914	+/-1455
No workers	11.40%	+/-0.6	33,975	+/-2088
1 worker	25.70%	+/-1.3	45,949	+/-2619
2 workers, husband and wife worked	45.70%	+/-1.8	73,746	+/-2158
2 workers, other	1.50%	+/-0.3	242,273	+/-47612
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	9.20%	+/-0.7	87,119	+/-5472
3 or more workers, other	0.50%	+/-0.2	166,469	+/-44153
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
Total population	2,851,165	*****	21,948	+/-432
One race--				
White	93.80%	+/-0.3	22,464	+/-430
Black or African American	2.20%	+/-0.2	13,334	+/-3240
American Indian and Alaska Native	0.40%	+/-0.1	15,230	+/-4005
Asian	1.20%	+/-0.1	19,583	+/-5133
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.10%	+/-0.1	9,477	+/-11885
Some other race	1.30%	+/-0.2	13,370	+/-1957
Two or more races	1%	+/-0.2	9,523	+/-3229
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	3.70%	+/-0.2	12,975	+/-1383
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	91.60%	+/-0.1	22,704	+/-438

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties (http://factfinder.census.gov/home/en/official_estimates_2008.html).

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data (<http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/ACS/accuracy2008.pdf>)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 9/29/2009

Table S1902, <http://factfinder.census.gov/>

Prepared by: State Library of Iowa, Stat Data Center Program, 800-248-4483, 9/29/2009

www.iowadatacenter.org